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# Child Protection Policy

Adopted by Kings Education Trust

Updated September 2023

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Policy Level	Statutory Policy
Schools	Local Policy – The school has adopted this policy relative to its own context, this has been approved by the Local Advisory Committee and shared with the Trustees.
Other related policies and procedures:	Anti-Bullying Policy, Equality Policy,, PHSE Policy, Special Educational Needs Policy, Physical Restraint Policy



## CONTENTS

1. Contacts
  - School contacts
  - Contacts in the Local Authority
  - Linked policies
  - Definitions
2. Introduction
3. Responsibilities
4. Procedures
5. Record-keeping and retention of records
6. Alternative Provision
7. Confidentiality
8. Recognising abuse
9. Multi-agency working
10. Supporting staff
11. Safer recruitment
12. Allegations against staff, supply staff, volunteers and contractors (including Governors)
13. Whistleblowing
14. Physical intervention/positive handling
15. Anti-bullying
16. Discriminatory incidents
17. Health and Safety
18. Prevention
19. Online safety
20. Sending nude or semi-nude images
21. Child on child abuse, including sexual violence & sexual harassment
22. Cultural Issues
23. So-called 'honour' based abuse
24. Contextual safeguarding and extra familial harm
25. Serious violence

26. Domestic abuse
27. Children in need of a social worker (Child Protection and Child In Need Plans)
28. Mental health
29. Looked After Children
30. Children with family members in prison
31. Homelessness
32. Modern Day Slavery and the National Referral Mechanism
33. Allegations against pupils

Appendix 1 – Categories and signs of abuse

Appendix 2 – Safer Recruitment

## 1. Contacts

### School contacts

<b>Headteacher</b>	Julie-Ann Swaysland
<b>Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL)</b>	Claire Flynn <a href="mailto:Claire.flynn@ivingswoodacademy.org">Claire.flynn@ivingswoodacademy.org</a> <a href="mailto:Safeguarding@ivingswoodacademy.org">Safeguarding@ivingswoodacademy.org</a>
<b>Deputy Designated Safeguarding Lead(s)</b>	Rebecca Dunning, <a href="mailto:Send@ivingswoodacademy.org">Send@ivingswoodacademy.org</a> Karen Dunton, Jo Garlick
<b>Nominated Safeguarding LAC Member</b>	<b>Gillian Davies</b> <a href="mailto:Gillian.davies@ivingswoodacademy.org">Gillian.davies@ivingswoodacademy.org</a>
<b>Nominated Trustee</b>	Marisa Chatterson <a href="mailto:admin@kingseducationtrust.co.uk">admin@kingseducationtrust.co.uk</a> 01494 713159
<b>Chair of Trustees</b>	Matt Stamp <a href="mailto:admin@kingseducationtrust.co.uk">admin@kingseducationtrust.co.uk</a> 01494 713159

## Contacts in The Local Authority

<p><b>Education Safeguarding Advisory Service</b> ESAS offers support to education providers to assist them to deliver effectively on all aspects of their safeguarding responsibilities.</p>	<p>01296 387981 <a href="mailto:Secure-esasduty@buckinghamshire.gov.uk">Secure-esasduty@buckinghamshire.gov.uk</a></p>
<p><b>First Response Team (aka MASH) (including Early Help, Channel)</b> The First Response Team process all new referrals to social care, including children with disabilities. Referrals are assessed by the team to check the seriousness and urgency of the concerns and whether Section 17 and/or Section 47 of the Children Act 1989 apply. The First Response Team will ensure that the referral reaches the appropriate team for assistance in a quick and efficient manner.</p>	<p>01296 383962 Out of hours 0800 999 7677 <a href="mailto:Secure-cypfirstresponse@buckinghamshire.gov.uk">Secure-cypfirstresponse@buckinghamshire.gov.uk</a></p>
<p><b>Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO)</b> The Buckinghamshire Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) is responsible for overseeing the management of all allegations against people in a position of trust who work with children in Buckinghamshire on either a paid or voluntary basis</p>	<p>01296 382070 <a href="mailto:Secure-lado@buckinghamshire.gov.uk">Secure-lado@buckinghamshire.gov.uk</a></p>
<p><a href="#">Bucks Family Information Service</a> Information for families on a range of issues including childcare, finances, parenting and education</p>	<p>01296 383065</p>
<p><a href="#">Buckinghamshire Safeguarding Children Partnership (BSCP)</a> Procedures, policies and practice guidelines</p>	
<p><a href="#">Schools Web</a> School bulletin, Safeguarding links, A-Z guide to information and services</p>	
<p><b>Buckinghamshire Council School Improvement and Traded Delivery Manager</b></p>	<p>01296 382461 <a href="mailto:Yvette.thomas@buckinghamshire.gov.uk">Yvette.thomas@buckinghamshire.gov.uk</a></p>
<p><b>Buckinghamshire Council Prevent Co-ordinator</b></p>	<p>01296 674784 <a href="mailto:Alisonwatts1@buckinghamshire.gov.uk">Alisonwatts1@buckinghamshire.gov.uk</a></p>
<p><b>Thames Valley Police</b></p>	<p>101 (999 in case of an emergency)</p>

This policy should be read in conjunction with the following policies and other policies you feel it would be useful to refer to:

- Anti-bullying
- Attendance
- Behaviour

- Children Looked After
- Complaints
- Equalities
- GDPR
- Lettings
- SEN/Inclusion
- Health & Safety (including managing children with medical needs) & First Aid
- Photography
- E-Safety (including use of mobile/electronic devices)
- Staff Code of Conduct
- PSHE - to include RE & RSE
- Visitors
- Whistleblowing
- Safer Recruitment
- Record Keeping

## Definitions

Safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children means:

- Protecting children from maltreatment
- Preventing impairment of children’s mental and physical health or development
- Ensuring that children grow up in circumstances consistent with the provision of safe and effective care
- Taking action to enable all children to have the best outcomes.
- Child protection is part of the safeguarding process and it refers to the procedures undertaken to protect individual children who have been identified as suffering or likely to suffer significant harm.

Abuse is a form of maltreatment of a child and may involve inflicting harm or failing to act to prevent harm. Further information regarding the categories of abuse can be found in the appendix to this document.

Children includes everyone under the age of 18.

## 2. Introduction

This policy has been developed in accordance with following legislation and guidance:

- Children Act 1989 (amended 2004)
- “Working Together to Safeguard Children 2018” - July 2018 [Working Together To Safeguard Children July 2018](#)
- “Keeping Children Safe in Education”- statutory guidance for schools and further education colleges - [Keeping children safe in education \(publishing.service.gov.uk\)](#)
- Information Sharing Guidance for Safeguarding Practitioners [Information Sharing Guidance](#) – DfE July 2018

- Children Missing Education; Statutory Guidance for Local Authorities - Sept 2016 [Children missing education - GOV.UK](#)
- Statutory Guidance issued under section 29 of the Counter-Terrorism and Security Act - 2015 [Prevent Duty Guidance](#)
- The Equality Act - 2010 [Equality Act 2010: guidance - GOV.UK](#)
- What to do if you're worried a child is being abused - March 2015 [What to do if you are worried a child is being abused](#)
- Statutory guidance on FGM [Multi-agency Statutory Guidance on Female Genital Mutilation](#)

Clear governance and leadership is central to embedding a safeguarding culture. The Trust, and Local Advisory Committee takes its responsibility seriously under **section 175 and 157 of the Education Act 2002** to safeguard and promote the welfare of children; working together with other agencies to ensure effective and robust arrangements are in place within our school to identify and support those children who are suffering harm or whom may be at risk of harm. The Trust will ensure all staff at the school have read and understood their responsibilities pertaining to **Part 1, Part 5 and Annexe B of Keeping Children Safe in Education**.

All staff are required to read and adhere to the **Staff Code of Conduct**.

Every member of the school community is responsible for contributing to a positive culture of safeguarding.

The school recognises that as well as risks to the welfare of children from within their families, children may be vulnerable to abuse or exploitation outside their homes and from other children. Staff must remain vigilant and alert to these potential risks.

The aims of this policy are:

To provide an environment in which children feel safe, secure, valued and respected.

To ensure that senior leaders, teaching staff and non-teaching staff, supply staff, governors and volunteers:

- Are aware of the need to safeguard and promote the wellbeing of children
- Identify the need for early support
- Promptly report concerns, in line with guidance from the Buckinghamshire Continuum of Need
- Are trained to recognise signs and indicators of abuse

To provide systematic means of monitoring children known to be or thought to be at risk of harm and ensure contribution to assessments of need and support plans for those children.

To ensure Ivingswood Academy has a clear system for communicating concerns both internally and with external agencies in line with the Working Together guidance.

To ensure the school has robust systems in place to accurately record safeguarding and child protection concerns.

To develop effective working relationships with all other agencies involved in safeguarding, supporting the needs of children at our school.

To ensure that all staff appointed have been through the safer recruitment process and understand the principles of safer working practices as set out in our **Staff Code of Conduct**. To ensure that any community users of our facilities have due regard to expectations of how they should maintain a safe environment, which supports children's wellbeing. This policy is published on our website, [www.ivingswoodacademy.org](http://www.ivingswoodacademy.org) and hard copies are available from the school office.

### **3. Responsibilities**

All staff, supply staff, volunteers, visitors, governors and contractors understand safeguarding children is everyone's responsibility. Any person who receives a disclosure of abuse, an allegation or suspects that abuse may have occurred must report it immediately to Claire Flynn, our Designated Safeguarding Lead, in their absence, to Rebecca Dunning or Karen Dunton, Deputy Designated Safeguarding Leads. In the absence of either of the above, concerns will be brought to the attention of the DSL at their partner school, Great Kingshill CE Combined School who will provide support and advice.

Staff must maintain a good working knowledge of the Buckinghamshire Continuum of Need [The Continuum of Need - Buckinghamshire Safeguarding Children Partnership \(buckssafeguarding.org.uk\)](http://buckssafeguarding.org.uk) and any updates and how it should be used to inform decision making regarding a referral to First Response.

Staff must have the skills, knowledge and understanding to keep both looked after children and previously looked after children safe.

Staff must understand vulnerability and that barriers exist when recognising abuse. Consider the following groups who may have increased vulnerability:

- Young carers
- Children with SEND
- Children living with domestic abuse
- Children whose parents suffer with poor mental health, including substance misuse
- Criminal exploitation, including sexual exploitation, County Lines radicalisation and gang involvement
- Look after children and previously look after children
- Children who have a social worker
- Privately fostered children
- Asylum seekers
- So-called Honour Based Violence, including FGM and forced marriage
- Children who frequently go missing or whose attendance is a concern
- Children who are part of the LGBTQ+ group
- Children who are at risk of discrimination due to faith and belief, race or ethnicity.



The Trust and Local Advisory Committee understands and fulfils its safeguarding responsibilities.

It must:

Ensure that the Headteacher and (when not the Headteacher) the DSL creates and maintains a strong, positive culture of safeguarding within the school.

Ensure that this policy reflects the unique features of the community we serve and the needs of the pupils attending our provision. This policy will be reviewed at least annually and whenever new guidance is issued.

Regularly monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of this Child Protection Policy, with Local advisory Committee and Trust with regular monitoring through visits to the schools and their robust reporting systems.

Appoint a Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL), who is a member of the Senior Leadership Team (SLT) and has the required level of authority and also appoint at least one Deputy DSL. The roles and responsibilities of the DSL and Deputy DSL are made explicit in those post-holders' job descriptions. If not the DSL, the Headteacher still maintains overall responsibility for safeguarding and child protection within the school.

Recognise the importance of the role of the DSL, ensuring they have sufficient time, training, skills and resources to be effective. Refresher training must be attended every 2 years, in addition knowledge and skills must be refreshed at regular intervals, at least annually. Ensure that all staff complete safeguarding training to include their roles and responsibilities with regards to the school IT system's online filtering and monitoring.

Ensure measures are in place for the governing body to have oversight of how the school's delivery against its safeguarding responsibilities are exercised and evidenced, to include reviewing online filtering and monitoring on a regular basis and at least annually. Ensure robust structures are in place to challenge the Headteacher where there are any identified gaps in practice or procedures are not followed.

Recognise the vital contribution that the school can make in helping children to keep safe, through incorporation of safeguarding within the curriculum. This will also be taught through the PSHE curriculum and relevant issues through the Relationship Education (primary schools) or Relationship Sex Education (secondary schools, mandatory from Sept. 2020). Ensure that through curriculum content and delivery children understand to keep themselves safe.

Ensure that school is following the statutory RSE guidance – [Relationships and sex education \(RSE\) and health education - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/672222/Relationships_and_sex_education_-_RSE_and_health_education_-_GOV.UK.pdf)

Ensure safe and effective recruitment policies and disciplinary procedures are in place. Ensure resources are allocated to meet the needs of pupils requiring child Protection or early intervention.

Ensure the DSL completes an Annual Safeguarding Report for Governors and a copy is shared with the Education Safeguarding Advisory Service at Buckinghamshire Council.

It is the duty of the Chief Executive or Chair of Trustees to liaise with relevant agencies if any allegations are made against the Headteacher. If there are concerns that issues are not being progressed in an expedient manner, staff/pupils/parents/carers should escalate concerns to the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) via First Response.

The Governing body must ensure that procedures are in place to manage safeguarding concerns of allegations against staff, supply staff, governors, volunteers, visitors or contractors where they could pose a risk of harm to children. The guidance in Part four of [Keeping children safe in education 2023 \(publishing.service.gov.uk\)](https://www.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/671222/keeping-children-safe-in-education-2023.pdf) must be followed if there were any such concerns.

The Trust must ensure that a named teacher is designated for Looked After Children and that an up-to-date list of children who are subject to a Care Order or are accommodated by the Local Authority is regularly reviewed and updated. The school must work with the Virtual Schools Team to support the educational attainment for those children who are Looked After.

The Trust has a statutory duty to appoint a Nominated Trustees for safeguarding. The Nominated Trustee must be familiar with [Buckinghamshire Safeguarding Children Partnership](#) procedures, Local Authority procedures and guidance issued by the Department for Education. The Nominated Trustee must:

- Work with the DSL to produce the Child Protection Policy annually.
- Undertake appropriate safeguarding training, to include Prevent and Safer Recruitment training.
- Ensure child protection is regularly discussed at Trust meetings and Local Advisory Committee meetings.
- Ensure that their nominated representative meets at least termly with the DSL to review and monitor the school's delivery on its safeguarding responsibilities, to review the Single Central Record and complete an audit of the staff files.
- Take responsibility to ensure that the school is meeting the OFSTED requirements as set out in the inspection guidance:  
[Inspecting safeguarding in early years, education and skills settings](#)  
[Education inspection framework \(EIF\) - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](#)

All Trustees and LAC members must complete safeguarding training on appointment, to also include Prevent training. This training must be regularly updated in line with national or local guidance. The governing body must ensure that relevant staff have due regard to the relevant data protection principles set out in the Data Protection Act 2018 and the GDPR, which allow them to share or withhold personal information when it is necessary to safeguard any child.

We have a Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) who is responsible for:  
Creating a culture of safeguarding within the school where children are protected from harm. Ensuring all staff receive an effective induction and ongoing training to support them to recognise and report any concerns.

Ensuring children receive the right help at the right time using the Buckinghamshire Continuum of Need document.

Ensuring referrals to partner agencies, are followed up in writing, including referrals to First Response and Early Help (FSS).

Establishing and maintaining a safe and secure system for recording safeguarding and child protection records. These records must be audited regularly to ensure all actions are completed.

Ensuring all child protection files are held separately from pupils' educational records.

Maintaining the record for staff safeguarding training.

Ensuring that the safeguarding team contact details and photos are displayed in prominent areas around the school and also on the website.

Being the designated point of contact for staff to be able to discuss and share their concerns.

Ensuring the online filtering and monitoring system is reviewed regularly, at least annually. Being available to staff and outside agencies during school hours and term time for consultation on safeguarding concerns raised.

Having responsibility to ensure that cover is arranged outside of term-time during working hours, with the expectation that all meetings in school holidays are attended including those convened at short notice.

During residential and extended school hours, ensuring arrangements are in place for staff to have a point of contact.

Contributing effectively to multiagency working, for the safeguarding and promotion of the welfare of children, as set out in Working Together.

Providing the Headteacher (if the Headteacher is not the DSL), with an annual report for the Trust, detailing how school delivers on its safeguarding responsibilities and any child protection issues within the school. The Trust will use this report to fulfil its responsibility to provide the Local Authority with information about their safeguarding policies and procedures.

Meeting at least once a term with the Nominated Trustee, or their nominated representative from the Local Advisory committee, to share oversight of the safeguarding provision within the setting, monitor performance and develop plans to rectify any gaps in

policy or procedure. A record should be kept of these meetings. Providing the Headteacher (if DSL is not Headteacher) with up-to-date information of any issues.

Meeting the statutory requirement to keep up to date with knowledge, enabling them to fulfil their role, including attending mandatory and any other additional relevant training. Referring immediately to the Police, using the guidance, When to call the police [2491596 C&YP schools guides.indd \(npcc.police.uk\)](#) for any cases where a criminal offence may have been committed or risk of harm is imminent.

#### **4. Procedures**

Our school procedures for all staff, supply staff, governors, volunteers, visitors and contractors in safeguarding and protecting children from harm are in line with Buckinghamshire Council and [Buckinghamshire Safeguarding Children Partnership](#) safeguarding procedures, “**Working Together to Safeguard Children 2018**” [Working Together to Safeguard Children 2018](#), “**Keeping Children Safe in Education**” [Keeping children safe in education 2023 \(publishing.service.gov.uk\)](#) and statutory guidance issued under section 29 of the **Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015** [Revised Prevent duty guidance: for England and Wales - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](#).

School will work with our local community, to recognise and respond to their particular needs, e.g. language barriers or cultural issues, whilst ensuring that safeguarding takes precedence when there are any child protection concerns. Ivingswood Academy will respond to the changing needs of their local community and continue offer appropriate support when and where needed.

We will ensure visitors must be:

- Clearly identified with visitor/contractor passes.
- Met and directed by school staff/representatives.
- Signed in and out of the premises by school staff.
- Given a safeguarding leaflet to read or directed to a poster informing them of how to report a concern. They can also refer to the posters that are displayed around school of who and how to report any concerns to.
- Given restricted access to only specific areas of the school, as appropriate.
- Escorted by a member of staff/representative as required.
- Given access to pupils restricted to the purpose of their visit.

All members of staff must complete regular safeguarding training, attend regular refresher training and partake in any training opportunities arranged or delivered by the DSL. Updates must be cascaded to all staff throughout, at a minimum of once a year. All new staff will receive safeguarding and child protection training on induction including online safety.

All parents/carers must be made aware of the school’s responsibilities in regard to child protection procedures through this policy.

All staff, including supply staff, must follow the reporting procedures as follows when reporting any child protection concerns:

- Staff must ensure the child is in a safe place and in receipt of support
- Staff must initially make a verbal report to the DSL to alert them to the safeguarding/child protection concern
- Staff must make a written report using the school record keeping process, CPOMS.
- If the concern is serious, they should also come in person to speak with the DSL on duty.
- Staff must ensure the time and date of the incident is recorded
- A factual account of the incident must be recorded, including who was involved, what was said/seen/heard, where the incident took place and any actual words or phrases used by the child
- Use a body map to record any injuries seen or reported by the child
- Staff must sign and date the report giving details of their role within school
- CPOMS will record when the DSL read the report and became aware of the incident. They will annotate what actions they took in relation to this incident and any outcomes resulting from this.
- The DSL must ensure the child's wishes and feelings are taken into consideration when deciding on next steps.

Through our **Attendance Policy**, we have a robust system for monitoring attendance and will act to address absenteeism with parents/carers and pupils promptly and identify any safeguarding issues arising. If a child is unable to attend school Parents/Carers must make contact on the first, and all subsequent days, to advise and provide details of why the child is not in school. The school will chase if they have not heard from Parents by 9:20am on this first day.

All children attending our school are required to have a minimum of two identified emergency contacts. Any pupil whose absence is causing concern and where it has not been possible to make contact with a parent/carer, will be reported as a Child Missing in Education (CME) using the **Buckinghamshire CME Protocol**. Any absence, of a pupil who is currently subject to a child protection or child in need plan is immediately referred to their social worker.

Ivingswood Academy has a mandatory duty to inform the local authority, via the First Response Team, if they become aware that a child under the age of 16 years is living with someone other than their parent, step-parent, aunt, uncle or grandparent for a period of more than 28 days. This is defined as being a private fostering arrangement.

All staff, parents/carers and children are made aware of the school's escalation process which can be activated in the event of concerns not being resolved after the first point of contact. This process is shared with Staff/Parents when they join the school and details are available on our website, which can be activated in the event of concerns not being resolved after the first point of contact. We acknowledge an individual's safeguarding responsibility does not end once they have informed the DSL of any concerns, although

specific details of further actions will be shared on a need-to-know basis.

Our lettings policy reflects the ongoing responsibility the school has for safeguarding those using the site outside of normal school hours, ensuring the suitability of adults working with children on school sites at any time. School must have sight of the up-to-date **Child Protection Policy** of any organisation hiring the school's facilities.

The school operates **Safer Recruitment** practices. Governors ensure that staff who are involved in the recruitment process have received safer recruitment training. Robust procedures are in place in order to prevent and deter people who are unsuitable to work with children, from applying or being employed by the school.

Allegations against members of staff, supply staff, governors, including volunteers and contractors are referred to the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO).

Our procedures are reviewed and updated annually as a minimum, or as there are changes to legislation.

Children are encouraged to share any concerns or worries with staff and are regularly reminded about this as part of the curriculum, assemblies and tutor time. We have a comprehensive curriculum to ensure children know when and where to seek help. We have full time Family Support Worker who is available to respond to worries and provide support.

## **5. Record-Keeping and Retention of Records**

When a disclosure of abuse or an allegation against a member of staff or volunteer has been made, no matter how low level, our school must have a record of this. These records are maintained in a way that is confidential and secure, in accordance with our **Record Keeping Policy** and **Data Protection Legislation**.

Records should include:

- a clear and comprehensive summary of the concern
- a clear, detailed and robust chronology must be maintained
- details of how the concern was followed up and resolved
- a note of any action taken, decisions reached and the outcome.

There is a statutory requirement for our school to pass any child protection records to the pupil's next school. This must take place within 5 days of the 1<sup>st</sup> day of term or within 5 days of an in-year transfer. There must be an auditable system in place to evidence this has taken place. Safeguarding records will be sent separately from the general files using a secure method. No records should be maintained within the school once the files have been transferred.

The last statutory school maintains child protection files until a pupil reaches the age of 25 years, therefore if the transfer school is unknown, or a pupil is going to be electively home educated, any child protection files will remain at our school in a

secure location. Child protection files will only be destroyed when the pupil reaches their 25th birthday.

We have a robust system for reviewing our archived information held. Our files are stored and disposed of in line with GDPR protocols, local and national retention policies.

## **6. Alternative Provision**

When a child is accessing an alternative provision, the school will ensure that the provision has secure and robust safeguarding arrangements in place. A member of staff, from school, will regularly visit the provision and meet with the child to hear their voice.

## **7. Confidentiality**

We recognise that all matters relating to child protection are confidential. The Headteacher or Designated Safeguarding Lead must only disclose personal information about a pupil to other members of staff on a need to know basis. Staff must not keep duplicate or personal records of child protection concerns. All information must be reported to the Designated Safeguarding Lead and securely stored in the designated location within the school, separate from the pupil records.

All staff are aware they cannot promise a child to keep secrets which might compromise the child's safety or well-being or that of another as they have a duty to share. Staff must, however, reassure the child that information will only be shared with those people who will be able to help them and therefore need to know.

We will always undertake to share our intention to refer a child to Social Care (First Response) with their parent/carer's consent, unless to do so could put the child at greater risk of harm or impede a criminal investigation. If in doubt, we will consult with First Response on this point. We recognise that GDPR data Protection Act 2018 must not be a barrier for sharing information regarding safeguarding concerns in line with **'Working Together'**. Gov guidance link:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/safeguarding-practitioners-information-sharing-advice>

## **8. Recognising abuse**

In the event of a child disclosing abuse staff must:

Refer to the following guidance:

**"What to do if You're Worried a Child is Being Abused"**

[Stat guidance template \(publishing.service.gov.uk\)](https://www.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/101442/what-to-do-if-youre-worried-a-child-is-being-abused.pdf)

Listen to the child, allowing the child to tell what has happened in their own way and at their own pace. Staff must not interrupt a child who is freely recalling significant events. Remain calm. Be reassuring and supportive, endeavouring not to respond emotionally.

Not ask leading questions. Staff are reminded to ask questions only when seeking clarification about something the child may have said or to gain sufficient information to know that this is a safeguarding concern. Staff are trained to use TED; Tell, Explain, Describe.

Make an accurate record of what they have seen/heard using the school's record keeping processes, recording; times, dates or locations mentioned, using as many words and expressions used by the child, as possible. Staff must not substitute anatomically correct names for body part names used by the child.

Reassure the child that they did the right thing in telling someone.

Staff must explain to the child what will happen next and the need for the information to be shared with the DSL.

In the unlikely event the DSL and the deputy DSL are not available, staff are aware they must share their concerns with the most senior member of staff.

**If there is immediate risk of harm to a child, staff will NOT DELAY and will ring 999.**

The child will be monitored/accompanied at all times following a disclosure, until a plan is agreed as to how best they can be safeguarded.

Following a report of concerns the DSL must:

Decide whether there are sufficient grounds for suspecting significant harm, in which case a referral must be made to First Response and the police if it is appropriate, referring to the guidance, When To Call The Police:

[2491596 C&YP schools guides.indd \(npscc.police.uk\)](https://www.npscc.police.uk/2491596_C&YP_schools_guides.indd)

The rationale for this decision should be recorded by the DSL.

School should try to discuss any concerns about a child's welfare with parents/carers and, where possible, obtain consent before making a referral to First Response. However, in accordance with DfE guidance, this should only be done when it will not place the child at increased risk or could impact a police investigation. Where there are doubts or reservations about involving the child's family, the DSL should clarify with First Response or the police whether the parents/carers should be told about the referral and, if so, when and by whom. This is important in cases where the police may need to conduct a criminal investigation. The child's views should also be taken into account.

If there are grounds to suspect a child is suffering or is likely to suffer significant harm, the DSL (or Deputy) must contact First Response by telephone immediately, in first instance and then complete the Multi Agency Referral Form (MARF).

**If the child is in immediate danger and urgent protective action is required, the police and/or ambulance must be called, via 999. The DSL must notify First Response of the occurrence, what action has been taken and to take advice about informing parents/carers.**

## **9. Multi-agency working**

Ivingswood Academy and Kings Education Trust know what the role of schools is, as a relevant agency, within the three safeguarding partner arrangements and as required, will



contribute to multi-agency working, in line with the statutory guidance 'Working Together to Safeguard Children'.

When named as a relevant agency and involved in safeguarding arrangements, Ivingswood Academy and Kings Education Trust will co-operate alongside other agencies with the published arrangements.

Ivingswood Academy and Kings Education Trust will contribute to inter-agency plans to offer children support of early help and those children supported through child protection plans.

Ivingswood Academy and Kings Education Trust will allow access for and work with children's social care to conduct or consider whether to conduct as section 17 or section 47 assessment.

If, following a referral, the situation is not improving for the child, the DSL will follow the escalation process.

### **10. Supporting Staff**

We recognise that staff becoming involved with a child who has suffered harm, or appears to be likely to suffer harm, could find the situation stressful and upsetting. We will support such staff by providing an opportunity to talk through their anxieties with the DSL and to seek further support if necessary. This could be provided by the Headteacher or another trusted colleague, Occupational Health, and/or a representative of a professional body, Employee Assistance Programme (PAM) or trade union, as appropriate.

### **11. Safer Recruitment**

Ivingswood Academy and Kings Education Trust follows the guidance as set out in the KCSIE together with the information provided by the Bucks Safeguarding Children Partnership to ensure that all the appropriate checks have been carried out on new staff and volunteers.

[Safer Employment & the LADO \(Allegations\) - Buckinghamshire Safeguarding Children Partnership \(bucksafeguarding.org.uk\)](https://www.bucksafeguarding.org.uk)

### **12. Allegations against staff, supply staff, volunteers and contractors (including Governors)**

Here at Ivingswood Academy and Kings Education Trust, we have our own procedures for managing concerns and/or allegations against those working in school to include staff, supply teachers, volunteers and contractors.

KCSIE - Part four contains comprehensive guidance covering the two levels of allegations/concern:

1. allegations that may meet the harms threshold
2. Allegations/concerns that do not meet the harms threshold - referred to for the purpose of this guidance as 'low level concerns'.

All school staff, supply staff, volunteers and contractors must take care not to place themselves in a vulnerable position with a child. It is always advisable for interviews or work

with individual children or parents/carers to be conducted in view of other adults. Further details can be found in Kings Education Trust Code of Conduct Policy updated September 2023.

We understand that a pupil may make an allegation against a member of staff, member of supply staff, volunteer or contractor. If such an allegation is made, the member of staff notified of the allegation will immediately inform the Headteacher or the most senior teacher if the Headteacher is not present. If the allegation is made against the Headteacher, the Chair of Governors must be informed.

At Ivingswood Academy and Kings Education Trust, we recognise that an allegation may be made if a member of staff, a member of supply staff, a governor, a volunteer or a contractor has:

- Behaved in a way that has harmed a child, or may have harmed a child
- Possibly committed a criminal offence against or related to a child
- Behaved towards a child or children in a way that indicates he or she may pose a risk of harm to children
- Behaved or may have behaved in a way that indicates they may not be suitable to work with children. This includes behaviours both inside and outside of school.

The Headteacher/Senior Teacher/Chair of governors (where the allegation is in reference to the Head Teacher) on all such occasions must immediately discuss the content of the allegation with the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO).

The Head Teacher/Senior Teacher must:

Follow all advice given by the LADO throughout the investigation process, including how to manage the staff member, supply staff member, governor, volunteer or contractor against whom the allegation is made, as well as supporting other staff, supply staff members, governors, volunteers and contractors within the workplace.

Follow all advice given by the LADO relating to supporting the child making the allegation, as well as other children connected to the organisation.

Ensure feedback is provided to the LADO about the outcome of any internal investigations. The school will follow the local safeguarding procedures for managing allegations against staff, supply staff, governors, volunteers and contractors, a copy of which can be found in our Whistleblowing Policy available online and in hard copy in our staff room.

If the allegation is made against a member of staff supplied by an external agency, the agency will be kept fully informed and involved in any enquiries from the LADO.

Suspension of the member of staff against whom an allegation has been made needs careful consideration and, if necessary, we will consult with the LADO in making this decision. Guidance will also be sought from HR.

Our lettings agreement for other users requires that the organiser will follow the Buckinghamshire Council procedures for managing allegations against staff and where necessary, the suspension of adults from school premises.

Should an individual staff member, supply staff member, governor, volunteer or contractor be involved in child protection, other safeguarding procedures or Police investigations in relation to abuse or neglect, they must immediately inform the Head Teacher. In these circumstances, the school will need to assess whether there is any potential for risk of transfer to the workplace and the individual's own work with children.

### **13. Whistleblowing**

We have a **Whistleblowing Policy** which is available online and in hard copy in our staff room. Staff are required to familiarise themselves with this document during their induction period.

All staff must be aware of their duty to raise concerns about the attitude or actions of colleagues and report their concerns to the Headteacher, Chief Executive or Chair of Trustees.

#### **Low-level concerns**

At Ivingswood Academy and Kings Education Trust, all staff know they have a responsibility to share any concerns, no matter how small, about any adults working in school to Jo Garlick CEO of KET or the Deputy Headteacher, Claire Flynn. Staff are made aware of what a low-level concern might look like using the examples from the KCSIE page 10. All reports will be dealt with effectively and recorded, enabling the school to identify any concerning behaviour and support any adults becoming the subject of false low-level concerns.

### **14. Physical intervention/Positive handling**

Our policy on physical intervention/positive handling by staff is set out separately, as part of our Physical Intervention Policy and follows the government guidance.

[Use of reasonable force and restrictive practices in schools - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](https://www.gov.uk/government/guidance/use-of-reasonable-force-and-restrictive-practices-in-schools)

### **15. Anti-Bullying**

Anti-Bullying is referenced within the Anti Bullying Policy and measures are in place to prevent and respond to all forms of bullying, which acknowledges that to allow or condone bullying may lead to consideration under child protection procedures.

### **16. Discriminatory Incidents**

In line with the **Equalities Act 2010**, our **Equalities Policy** addresses all forms of discriminatory incidents.

### **17. Health and Safety**

We recognise the importance of safeguarding pupils throughout the school day. Our **Health and Safety policy** reflects the consideration we give to the protection of our children, both physically and emotionally, within the school environment.

Part of the safeguarding measures we have in place include the safe drop off and collection of pupils at the start and end of the school day. All parents/carers should deliver their children

to school via the front gate. All children are collected from the playground. Children in Year 5 and 6 can walk home if they have applied for their 'Lone Walking Pass.' Parents/carers are required to inform us via phone, email or note if there is a change to the collection arrangements. Further details can be found in our Drop Off and Collection Policy.

Pupils who leave the site during the school day do so only with the written permission of a parent/carer and are collected by an authorised adult where appropriate. School should be notified by the parents/carers regarding whom they have authorised for this task.

They must sign the child(ren) out using our electronic system and sign them in again on their return. This includes children who are late. Further details can be found in our Drop Off and Collection Policy.

Children who attend after school clubs will be collected from the front gate by their parents or other authorised person.

In the event of a pupil going missing during the course of the school day we will carry out immediate checks to ensure the pupil is not on site, we will then make contact with the pupil's parents/carers and inform the police.

When the school is hired out to a 3<sup>rd</sup> party provider, we ensure that they have appropriate arrangements in place to keep children safe through the sight of their child protection and safer recruitment procedures.

At Ivingswood Academy and Kings Education Trust, we ensure that we are aware of the content of materials used by any visiting speakers prior to their visit.

## **18. Prevent Duty**

We are aware of the Prevent Duty under **Section 26 of the Counter Terrorism and Security Act 2015** to protect young people from being drawn into terrorism.

All school staff and governors have completed Prevent training and we have training logs to evidence this.

We have in place and monitor appropriate web filtering systems.

The DSLs and senior leaders are familiar with their duties under The Prevent Duty Guidance: [Revised Prevent duty guidance: for England and Wales - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/672222/Prevent_duty_guidance_for_England_and_Wales.pdf)

## 19. Online Safety

All staff are aware of the school policy for **Online-Safety** which sets out our expectations relating to:

- Creating a safer online learning environment,
- Giving everyone the skills, knowledge and understanding to help children stay safe on-line, question the information they are accessing and support the development of critical thinking,
- Inspiring safe and responsible use of mobile technologies, to combat behaviours on-line which may make pupils vulnerable, including the sending of nude or semi-nude images.
- Use of camera equipment, including smart phones.
- What steps to take if there are concerns and where to go for help.
- Staff use of social media as set out in the **Staff Code of Conduct**.

Cyber-bullying by children, via texts, social media and emails, will be treated as seriously as any other type of bullying and will be managed through our anti-bullying procedures.

School are aware of the risks posed by children in the online world; in particular non-age appropriate content linked to self-harm, suicide, grooming and radicalisation.

Pupils, staff and parents/carers are supported to understand the risks posed by:

- the **CONTENT** accessed by pupils
- their **CONDUCT** on-line
- who they have **CONTACT** within the digital world
- **COMMERCE** - risks such as online gambling, inappropriate advertising, phishing and or financial scams.

Further information can be found in our online safety policy link in to your policies

Ivingswood Academy has online filtering and monitoring systems in place to ensure children are safeguarded from potentially harmful online material. These systems are regularly monitored, at least annually, by the DSL, IT provider and nominated governor. A record will be kept of the reviews.

School will follow the advice as given by the government, to advise and support children with any online learning taking place at home to ensure this is done so safely.

We have a separate Acceptable Use Policy which overs the used of Mobile Phone and Electronic Devices in school. This sets out the acceptable use of mobile technologies by pupils whilst onsite. This includes sanctions which will be applied when these boundaries are not adhered to.

Visitors to our school are respectfully requested to turn all mobile devices off and they may not be used in school at anytime. Staff use of mobile technology whilst on site is set out in the **Staff Code of Conduct and Acceptable Use Policy**.

All staff receive online awareness training in order to understand the risks children are exposed to. On induction and at least once per academic year.

All staff have an understanding of expectations roles and responsibilities with regards to the online filtering and monitoring processes.

## **20. Sending nude or semi-nude images**

Sending nude images or semi-nude images, is one of a number of 'risk-taking' behaviours associated with the use of digital technologies, social media or the internet. It is accepted that children experiment and challenge boundaries and therefore the risks associated with 'online' activity can never be completely eliminated.

Further advice and guidance can be found using the link below:

[Sharing nudes and semi-nudes](#)

Staff, pupils and parents/carers are supported, via training, to understand the creation and sharing of sexual imagery, such as photos or videos, of under 18s is illegal. This includes images of pupils themselves if they are under the age of 18.

Any disclosures/incidents that occur will follow the normal safeguarding practices and protocols for our school. We will also use the guidelines for responding to incidents, as set out in:

[Sharing nudes and semi-nudes: advice for education settings working with children and young people - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](#) produced by the UK Council for Internet Safety. The DSL will inform parents/carers of any incidents.

## **21. Child on Child Abuse, including sexual violence and sexual harassment.**

Ivingswood Academy and Kings Education Trust believes that all children have a right to attend school and learn in a safe environment free from harm by both adults and other pupils. We recognise that some safeguarding concerns can occur via child-on-child abuse.

All staff operate a zero-tolerance policy to child-on-child abuse and will not pass off incidents as 'banter' or 'just growing up'.

All staff recognise that child on child issues may include, but may not be limited to:

- Bullying (including cyber bullying)
- Racial abuse
- Physical abuse, such as hitting, hair-pulling, shaking, biting or other forms of physical harm
- Sexual violence and sexual harassment
- Causing someone to engage in sexual activity without consent, such as forcing someone to strip, touch themselves sexually, or to engage in sexual activity with a third party (Harmful sexual behaviour HSB)
- Abuse related to sexual orientation or identity
- Sending nude or semi-nude images (consensual & non-consensual)
- Upskirting and initiation/hazing type violence and rituals
- Emotional abuse
- Abuse within intimate partner relationships

All staff should be able to reassure victims that they are being taken seriously and that they will be supported and kept safe. Incidents of child on child abuse must be reported to the DSL, who will refer to the appropriate agencies as required.

The following will be considered when dealing with incidents:

- Whether there is a large difference in power between the victim and perpetrator i.e. size, age, ability, perceived social status or vulnerabilities, including SEND, CP/CIN or CLA
- Whether the perpetrator has previously tried to harm or intimidate pupils
- Any concerns about the intentions of the alleged perpetrator
- How to best support and protect the victim and alleged perpetrator as well as any other children who may have been involved or impacted.
- Risk assessments and safety planning will be created in conjunction with external professionals.

In order to minimise the risk of child on child abuse taking place, as a school we must:

- Deliver RE/RSE/PSHE to include teaching pupils about how to keep safe and understanding what acceptable behaviour looks like
- Ensure that pupils know that all members of staff will listen to them if they have concerns and will act upon them
- Have systems in place for any pupil to be able to voice concerns
- Develop robust risk assessments if appropriate
- Refer to any other relevant policies when dealing with incidents, such as the **Behaviour Policy** and/or the **Anti-Bullying Policy**.
- 

We recognise that 'Upskirting' involves taking a photograph under an individual's clothing without their knowledge. We understand that it causes the victim distress and humiliation and that any gender can be a victim. Staff recognise that 'Upskirting' is a criminal offence and must promptly report any such incidents to the Headteacher, DSL or most senior member of staff.

Reference will be made to the following government guidance and part 5 of the **Keeping Children Safe in Education** to ensure that all staff have an understanding of the serious nature of sexual violence and sexual harassment between children in schools. The school ensure that they keep up with current legislation and practice referring to trusted advisors such as BSCP, NSPCC and Ofsted guidance.

Sexual violence and sexual harassment can occur between two children of **any age and sex**. It can occur through a group of children sexually assaulting or sexually harassing a single child or group of children. This can occur online, face to face (both physically and verbally) and can take place inside or outside of school. As set out in Part five of the KCSIE, all staff maintain an attitude of '**it could happen here**' and it is never acceptable.

All staff have a responsibility to address inappropriate behaviour in a timely manner, however seemingly insignificant it may appear.

All victims will be reassured that they are being taken seriously and that they will be supported and kept safe. No child will ever be made to feel ashamed for making a report or that they are creating a problem for our school.

Support will be given to both victims and perpetrators as required.

## **22. Cultural Issues**

As a school we are aware of the cultural diversity of the community around us and work sensitively to address the unique culture of our pupils and their families as they relate to safeguarding and child protection. This includes children at risk of harm from abuse arising from culture, ethnicity, faith and belief on the part of their parent, carer or wider community. Staff must report concerns about abuse linked to culture, faith and beliefs in the same way as other child protection concerns.

## **23. So-Called 'Honour' Based Abuse**

Staff at our school understand there is a legal duty to report known cases of Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) and So Called 'Honour' Based Abuse to the police and they will do this with the support of the DSL. [Mandatory reporting of female genital mutilation: procedural information - GOV.UK](#)

Our school is aware of the need to respond to concerns relating to forced marriage and understand that it is illegal, a form of child abuse and a breach of children's rights. We recognise some pupils, due to capacity or additional learning needs, may not be able to give an informed consent and this will be dealt with under our child protection processes. Ivingswood Academy staff can contact the Forced Marriage Unit if they need advice or information. Contact 020 7008 0151 [fm@fcdo.gov.uk](mailto:fm@fcdo.gov.uk)

We are aware of the signs of FGM [Female genital mutilation \(FGM\) | NSPCC](#)

We recognise both male and female pupils may be subject to honour-based abuse. We promote awareness through training and access to resources, ensuring that the signs and indicators are known and recognised by staff.

Any suspicions or concerns for forced marriage are reported to the DSL who will refer to First Response or the police if emergency action is required.

## **24. Contextual Safeguarding and extra-familial harms**

Contextual Safeguarding is an approach to understanding and responding to children's experiences of significant harm beyond their families. Extra-familial harm is linked to contextual safeguarding; these concepts refer to harms that occur outside of the family system often during the adolescent years.

At Ivingswood Academy, all staff recognise that pupils may encounter safeguarding incidents that happen outside of school and can occur between children outside of this environment. We will respond to such concerns, reporting to the appropriate agencies in order to support and protect the pupil.



All staff and especially the DSLs, will consider the context of incidents that occur outside of school to establish if situations outside of their families may be putting the pupil's welfare and safety at risk of abuse or exploitation, including (but not limited to) sexual exploitation, criminal exploitation and serious youth violence.

Children who may be alleged perpetrators will also be supported to understand the impact of contextual issues on their safety and welfare.

In such cases the individual needs and vulnerabilities of each child will be considered.

Further guidance can be found at: <https://contextualsafeguarding.org.uk/>

## **25. Serious Violence**

All staff are aware of signs and indicators which may signal that children are at risk from, or are involved with, serious violent crime. These may include increased absence from school, a change in friendships or relationships with older individuals or groups, a significant decline in performance, signs of self-harm or significant change in well-being or signs of assault or unexplained injuries. Staff are aware that unexplained gifts or new possessions could also indicate that children have been approached by, or are involved with, individuals associated with criminal networks or gangs.

At Ivingswood Academy we are aware of the range risk factors which increase the likelihood of involvement in serious violence such as being male, having been frequently absent or permanently excluded from school, having experienced child maltreatment and having been involved in offending such as theft or robbery. School will take appropriate measures to manage any situations arising. [Preventing youth violence and gang involvement - Practical advice for schools and colleges \(publishing.service.gov.uk\)](#)

## **26. Domestic Abuse**

All staff recognise that children can witness and be affected by domestic abuse that occurs within their home between family members. They may also experience abuse within their own intimate relationships, referred to as 'teenage relationship abuse' and can suffer long lasting emotional and psychological effects. Staff will report any concerns using the school's safeguarding procedures.

## **27. Children who need a social worker (Child Protection and Child In Need Plans)**

Staff recognise that children may have a social worker due to safeguarding or welfare needs and this can cause them to have barriers with attendance, behaviour, learning and mental health.

Ivingswood Academy will share information with a social worker for any child whom they are supporting to ensure decisions are made in the best interests of the child. Informed decisions, will be made by staff with regards to safeguarding for those children who are being supported by a social worker.

The Virtual School lead the support for this cohort of children and Ivingswood Academy will work in partnership with them and the Local Authority to improve outcomes for these children.

## **28. Mental Health**

At Ivingswood Academy, we are aware that mental health problems can be an indicator that a child has suffered or may be at risk of suffering abuse, neglect, or exploitation.

Staff recognise that traumatic adverse childhood experiences can have lasting impact throughout a child's life and this can impact on mental health, behaviour and education.

Staff will report any mental health concern that is linked to a safeguarding concern to the DSL.

Where there are concerns for a child's mental health Ivingswood Academy will seek advice from a trained professional, who would be able to make a diagnosis of a mental health problem. Our Mental Lead, Claire Flynn, is fully trained and able to offer advice and guidance.

[Mental health and behaviour in schools \(publishing.service.gov.uk\)](https://publishing.service.gov.uk)

## **29. Looked After Children**

Ivingswood Academy has a named Designated Teacher (DT), who is responsible for promoting the education achievement and well-being for LAC and previously LAC children. The DT works closely with the DSL to ensure that any safeguarding concerns are responded to quickly and effectively and are shared with the appropriate agencies.

The Virtual School, who is responsible for overseeing the progress of this group of children, work in partnership with the DT and other agencies, supporting them to promote better outcomes for these children.

## **30.Children with family members in prison**

Children who have a parent in prison are at risk of poor outcomes including poverty, stigma, isolation and poor mental health. School will access support for any affected children through The National Information Centre on Children of Offenders (NICCO) who can provide information designed to support professionals working with offenders and their children.

[NICCO](https://www.nicco.org.uk/)

## **31. Homelessness**

Ivingswood Academy recognises that being homeless or being at risk of becoming homeless presents a real risk to a child's welfare and that some 16 and 17 year olds could be living independently from their parents or guardians. If there are indicators that a family or individual are at risk, school will seek timely support from the local authority.

## **32. Modern Slavery and the National referral Mechanism**

Modern slavery encompasses human trafficking and slavery, servitude and forced or compulsory labour. Exploitation can take many forms, including sexual exploitation, forced

labour, slavery, servitude, forced criminality and the removal of organs. If school are concerned that a child is being affected by modern slavery they will refer to the home office guidance for further information on the indicators that someone may be a victim, what support is available to victims and how to refer them to the NRM, whilst also seeking support from the local authority.

[Modern slavery: how to identify and support victims - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](https://www.gov.uk/guidance/modern-slavery-how-to-identify-and-support-victims)

### **33. Allegations against pupils**

If an allegation is made against a pupil, the school will follow the procedures in the Behaviour Policy with regards to sanctions that may need to be applied.

Where there is a risk of significant harm, a child-on-child referral will be made to Children's Services for either victim, perpetrator or both.

If it is necessary for a child to be interviewed by the police, or other authorities, school will ensure that parents/carers are informed as soon as possible, following advice from external agencies and that the child is supported by an appropriate adult during the interview. The safety and welfare of the child will always be carefully considered by school.

## **Appendix**

Everyone who works with children has a duty to safeguard and promote their welfare. They should be aware of the signs and indicators of abuse and know what to do and to whom to speak if they become concerned about a child or if a child discloses to them.

The following is intended as a reference for school staff and parents/carers if they become concerned that a child is suffering or likely to suffer significant harm.

The Children Act 1989 defines abuse as when a child is suffering or is likely to suffer 'significant harm'. Harm means ill treatment or the impairment of health or development. Four categories of abuse are identified:

### **Categories of Abuse**

Child abuse is a form of maltreatment. Somebody may abuse or neglect a child by inflicting harm, or by failing to act to prevent harm. Children people may be abused in a family or in an institutional or community setting by those known to them or, more rarely, by others. Abuse can take place wholly online, or technology may be used to facilitate offline abuse. Children may be abused by an adult or adults, or another child or children.

#### **Physical Abuse**

A form of abuse which may involve; hitting, shaking, throwing, poisoning, burning or scalding, drowning, suffocating, or otherwise causing physical harm to a child. Physical harm may also be caused when a parent or carer fabricates the symptoms of, or deliberately induces, illness in a child.

#### **Emotional Abuse**

The persistent emotional maltreatment of a child such as to cause severe and persistent adverse effects on the child's emotional development. It may involve conveying to a child that they are worthless or unloved, inadequate, or valued only insofar as they meet the needs of another person. It may include not giving the child opportunities to express their views, deliberately silencing them or 'making fun' of what they say or how they communicate. It may feature age or developmentally inappropriate expectations being imposed on children. These may include interactions that are beyond a child's developmental capability, as well as overprotection and limitation of exploration and learning, or preventing the child participating in normal social interaction. It may involve seeing or hearing the ill-treatment of another. It may involve serious bullying (including cyber bullying), causing children frequently to feel frightened or in danger, or the exploitation or corruption of children. Some level of emotional abuse is involved in all types of maltreatment of a child, though it may occur alone.

#### **Sexual Abuse**

Involves forcing or enticing a child to take part in sexual activities, not necessarily involving a high level of violence, whether or not the child is aware of what is happening. The activities may involve physical contact, including assault by penetration (for example, rape or oral sex) or non-penetrative acts such as masturbation, kissing, rubbing and touching outside of clothing. They may also include non-contact activities, such as involving children in looking at,

or in the production of, sexual images, watching sexual activities, encouraging children to behave in sexually inappropriate ways, or grooming a child in preparation for abuse. Sexual abuse can take place online and technology can be used to facilitate offline abuse. Sexual abuse is not solely perpetrated by adult males. Women can also commit acts of sexual abuse, as can other children.

### **Neglect**

The persistent failure to meet a child's basic physical and/or psychological needs, likely to result in the serious impairment of the child's health or development. Neglect may occur during pregnancy as a result of maternal substance abuse. Once a child is born, neglect may involve a parent or carer failing to:

- a) provide adequate food, clothing and shelter (including exclusion from home or abandonment)
- b) protect a child from physical and emotional harm or danger
- c) ensure adequate supervision (including the use of inadequate caregivers)
- d) ensure access to appropriate medical care or treatment. It may also include neglect of, or unresponsiveness to, a child's basic emotional needs.

### **Exploitation**

Exploitation is a form of child abuse and may take a number of forms:

#### **Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE) and child Criminal Exploitation (CCE)**

Both CSE and CCE are forms of abuse that occur where an individual or group takes advantage of an imbalance in power to coerce, manipulate or deceive a child into taking part in sexual or criminal activity, in exchange for something the victim needs or wants, and/or for the financial advantage or increased status of the perpetrator or facilitator and/or through violence or the threat of violence. CSE and CCE can affect children, both male and female and can include children who have been moved (commonly referred to as trafficking) for the purpose of exploitation.

Taken from – **Keeping Children Safe in Education.**

[Home Office – Serious Violence Strategy, April 2018 \(publishing.service.gov.uk\)](https://www.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/689192/serious_violence_strategy.pdf)

### **County Lines**

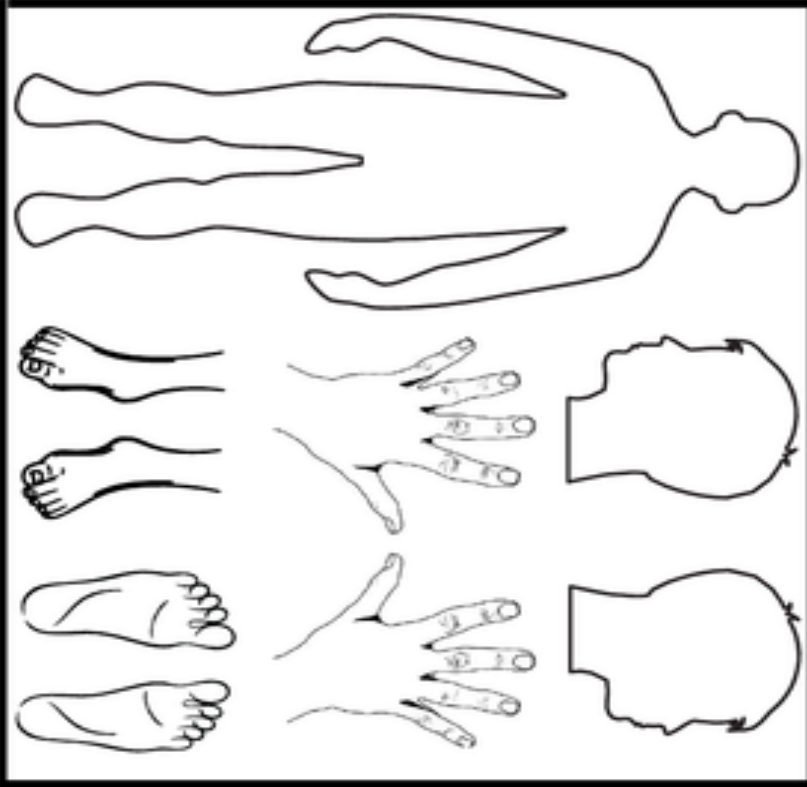
County lines is a term used to describe gangs and organised criminal networks involved in exporting illegal drugs using dedicated mobile phone lines or other form of “deal line”. This activity can happen locally as well as across the UK - no specified distance of travel is required. Children and vulnerable adults are exploited to move, store and sell drugs and money. Offenders will often use coercion, intimidation, violence (including sexual violence) and weapons to ensure compliance of victims. Taken from “**Keeping Children Safe in Education**”

### **Extremism**

Extremism is the vocal or active opposition to our fundamental values, including democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and the mutual respect and tolerance of different faiths and beliefs. This also includes calling for the death of members of the armed forces. Radicalisation refers to the process by which a person comes to support terrorism and extremist ideologies associated with terrorist groups.

### Harmful sexual behaviour (HSB)

Children’s sexual behaviour ranges, from normal and developmental expected to inappropriate, problematic, abusive and violent. The inappropriate, problematic, abusive and violent behaviour can cause developmental damage and is referred to as “Harmful Sexual Behaviour” (HSB).

	
<b>CHILD PROTECTION BODY MAP</b>	
Name of child:	.....
Date of birth:	.....
Staff member raising concern:	.....
Date recorded:	.....
Observations:	..... ..... ..... .....

## **Appendix 2: Safer Recruitment and DBS checks – policy and procedure**

### **Recruitment and selection process**

**The recruitment steps outlined below are based on part 3 of Keeping Children Safe in Education 2023.**

To make sure we recruit suitable people, we will ensure that those involved in the recruitment and employment of staff to work with children have received appropriate safer recruitment training.

We have put the following steps in place during our recruitment and selection process to ensure we are committed to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children.

### **Advertising**

When advertising roles, we will make clear:

- Our school's commitment to safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children
- That safeguarding checks will be undertaken
- The safeguarding requirements and responsibilities of the role, such as the extent to which the role will involve contact with children
- Whether or not the role is exempt from the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974 and the amendments to the Exceptions Order 1975, 2013 and 2020. If the role is exempt, certain spent convictions and cautions are 'protected', so they do not need to be disclosed, and if they are disclosed, we cannot take them into account.

### **Application forms**

Our application forms will:

- Include a statement saying that it is an offence to apply for the role if an applicant is barred from engaging in regulated activity relevant to children (where the role involves this type of regulated activity)
- Include a copy of, or link to, our child protection and safeguarding policy and our policy on the employment of ex-offenders

### **Shortlisting**

Our shortlisting process will involve at least 2 people and will:

- Consider any inconsistencies and look for gaps in employment and reasons given for them
- Explore all potential concerns

Once we have shortlisted candidates, we will ask shortlisted candidates to:

- Complete a self-declaration of their criminal record or any information that would make them unsuitable to work with children, so that they have the opportunity to share relevant information and discuss it at interview stage. The information we will ask for includes:
  - If they have a criminal history

- Whether they are included on the barred list
- Whether they are prohibited from teaching
- Information about any criminal offences committed in any country in line with the law as applicable in England and Wales
- Any relevant overseas information
- Sign a declaration confirming the information they have provided is true

We will also consider carrying out an online search on shortlisted candidates to help identify any incidents or issues that are publicly available online. Shortlisted candidates will be informed that we may carry out these checks as part of our due diligence process.

### **Seeking references and checking employment history**

We will obtain references before interview. Any concerns raised will be explored further with referees and taken up with the candidate at interview.

When seeking references we will:

- Not accept open references
- Liaise directly with referees and verify any information contained within references with the referees
- Ensure any references are from the candidate's current employer and completed by a senior person. Where the referee is school based, we will ask for the reference to be confirmed by the headteacher/principal as accurate in respect to disciplinary investigations
- Obtain verification of the candidate's most recent relevant period of employment if they are not currently employed
- Secure a reference from the relevant employer from the last time the candidate worked with children if they are not currently working with children
- Compare the information on the application form with that in the reference and take up any inconsistencies with the candidate
- Resolve any concerns before any appointment is confirmed

### **Interview and selection**

When interviewing candidates, we will:

- Probe any gaps in employment, or where the candidate has changed employment or location frequently, and ask candidates to explain this
- Explore any potential areas of concern to determine the candidate's suitability to work with children
- Record all information considered and decisions made

### **Pre-appointment vetting checks**



We will record all information on the checks carried out in the school's single central record (SCR). Copies of these checks, where appropriate, will be held in individuals' personnel files. We follow requirements and best practice in retaining copies of these checks, as set out below.

### **New staff**

All offers of appointment will be conditional until satisfactory completion of the necessary pre-employment checks. When appointing new staff, we will:

- Verify their identity
- Obtain (via the applicant) an enhanced DBS certificate, including barred list information for those who will be engaging in regulated activity (see definition below). We will obtain the certificate before, or as soon as practicable after, appointment, including when using the DBS update service. We will not keep a copy of the certificate for longer than 6 months, but when the copy is destroyed we may still keep a record of the fact that vetting took place, the result of the check and recruitment decision taken
- Obtain a separate barred list check if they will start work in regulated activity before the DBS certificate is available
- Verify their mental and physical fitness to carry out their work responsibilities
- Verify their right to work in the UK. We will keep a copy of this verification for the duration of the member of staff's employment and for 2 years afterwards
- Verify their professional qualifications, as appropriate
- Ensure they are not subject to a prohibition order if they are employed to be a teacher
- Carry out further additional checks, as appropriate, on candidates who have lived or worked outside of the UK. These could include, where available:
  - For all staff, including teaching positions: [criminal records checks for overseas applicants](#)
  - For teaching positions: obtaining a letter from the professional regulating authority in the country where the applicant has worked, confirming that they have not imposed any sanctions or restrictions on that person, and/or are aware of any reason why that person may be unsuitable to teach
- Check that candidates taking up a management position\* are not subject to a prohibition from management (section 128) direction made by the secretary of state

\* Management positions are most likely to include, but are not limited to, headteachers, principals and deputy/assistant headteachers.

We will ensure that appropriate checks are carried out to ensure that individuals are not disqualified under the 2018 Childcare Disqualification Regulations and Childcare Act 2006. Where we take a decision that an individual falls outside of the scope of these regulations and we do not carry out such checks, we will retain a record of our assessment on the

individual's personnel file. This will include our evaluation of any risks and control measures put in place, and any advice sought.

**Regulated activity** means a person who will be:

- Responsible, on a regular basis in a school or college, for teaching, training, instructing, caring for or supervising children; or
- Carrying out paid, or unsupervised unpaid, work regularly in a school or college where that work provides an opportunity for contact with children; or
- Engaging in intimate or personal care or overnight activity, even if this happens only once and regardless of whether they are supervised or not

### **Existing staff**

In certain circumstances we will carry out all the relevant checks on existing staff as if the individual was a new member of staff. These circumstances are when:

- There are concerns about an existing member of staff's suitability to work with children; or
- An individual moves from a post that is not regulated activity to one that is; or
- There has been a break in service of 12 weeks or more

We will refer to the DBS anyone who has harmed, or poses a risk of harm, to a child or vulnerable adult where:

- We believe the individual has engaged in [relevant conduct](#); or
- We believe the individual has received a caution or conviction for a relevant (automatic barring either with or without the right to make representations) offence, under the [Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act 2006 \(Prescribed Criteria and Miscellaneous Provisions\) Regulations 2009](#); or
- We believe the 'harm test' is satisfied in respect of the individual (i.e. they may harm a child or vulnerable adult or put them at risk of harm); and
- The individual has been removed from working in regulated activity (paid or unpaid) or would have been removed if they had not left

### **Agency and third-party staff**

We will obtain written notification from any agency or third-party organisation that it has carried out the necessary safer recruitment checks that we would otherwise perform. We will also check that the person presenting themselves for work is the same person on whom the checks have been made.

### **Contractors**

We will ensure that any contractor, or any employee of the contractor, who is to work at the school has had the appropriate level of DBS check (this includes contractors who are provided through a PFI or similar contract). This will be:

- An enhanced DBS check with barred list information for contractors engaging in regulated activity
- An enhanced DBS check, not including barred list information, for all other contractors who are not in regulated activity but whose work provides them with an opportunity for regular contact with children

We will obtain the DBS check for self-employed contractors.

We will not keep copies of such checks for longer than 6 months.

Contractors who have not had any checks will not be allowed to work unsupervised or engage in regulated activity under any circumstances.

We will check the identity of all contractors and their staff on arrival at the school.

For self-employed contractors such as music teachers or sports coaches, we will ensure that appropriate checks are carried out to ensure that individuals are not disqualified under the 2018 Childcare Disqualification Regulations and Childcare Act 2006. Where we decide that an individual falls outside of the scope of these regulations and we do not carry out such checks, we will retain a record of our assessment. This will include our evaluation of any risks and control measures put in place, and any advice sought.

### **Trainee/student teachers**

Where applicants for initial teacher training are salaried by us, we will ensure that all necessary checks are carried out.

Where trainee teachers are fee-funded, we will obtain written confirmation from the training provider that necessary checks have been carried out and that the trainee has been judged by the provider to be suitable to work with children.

In both cases, this includes checks to ensure that individuals are not disqualified under the 2018 Childcare Disqualification Regulations and Childcare Act 2006.

### **Volunteers**

We will:

- Never leave an unchecked volunteer unsupervised or allow them to work in regulated activity
- Obtain an enhanced DBS check with barred list information for all volunteers who are new to working in regulated activity
- Carry out a risk assessment when deciding whether to seek an enhanced DBS check without barred list information for any volunteers not engaging in regulated activity. We will retain a record of this risk assessment
- Ensure that appropriate checks are carried out to ensure that individuals are not disqualified under the 2018 Childcare Disqualification Regulations and Childcare Act 2006. Where we decide that an individual falls outside of the scope of these regulations and we do not carry out such checks, we will retain a record of our assessment. This will include our evaluation of any risks and control measures put in place, and any advice sought

## **Members, Trustees, Local Advisory Committee and Governors**

All Members, Trustees, Local Advisory Committee and Governors will have an enhanced DBS check without barred list information.

They will have an enhanced DBS check with barred list information if working in regulated activity.

The chair of the board will have their DBS check countersigned by the secretary of state. All proprietors, trustees, local governors and members will also have the following checks:

- A section 128 check (to check prohibition on participation in management under [section 128 of the Education and Skills Act 2008](#)). Section 128 checks are only required for local advisory committee members if they have retained or been delegated any management responsibilities.]
- Identity
- Right to work in the UK
- Other checks deemed necessary if they have lived or worked outside the UK

## **Staff working in alternative provision settings**

Where we place a pupil with an alternative provision provider, we obtain written confirmation from the provider that they have carried out the appropriate safeguarding checks on individuals working there that we would otherwise perform.

## **Adults who supervise pupils on work experience**

When organising work experience, we will ensure that policies and procedures are in place to protect children from harm.

We will also consider whether it is necessary for barred list checks to be carried out on the individuals who supervise a pupil under 16 on work experience. This will depend on the specific circumstances of the work experience, including the nature of the supervision, the frequency of the activity being supervised, and whether the work is regulated activity.